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## (1) INTRO

## WOULD YOU RATHER...?

| Pay $\$ 40$ cash up front for |
| :---: |
| a gift? |$\quad$ OR $\quad$| Purchase the gift on a |
| :---: |
| credit card and pay for it |
| later. |

1. Write an explanation of your selection in the box below. Then, discuss your choice and reasoning with a partner.

## LEARN IT

## INFOGRAPHIC: What is Credit? [ $\leftarrow$ CLICK FOR LARGE VERSION]

In Lesson 4.1, you learned about borrowing money from family and friends. Now, we're going to review credit - another way of borrowing money. Read through this infographic and answer the questions that follow.


1. Your older sister, Anna is trying to figure out how she's going to pay for college in the Fall. Anna is going over her options with you one night and she narrows it down to either putting her college education on your parents' credit card or taking out a student loan. Which one would you suggest and why?
2. Anna then tells you a story about her friend, Chad. Chad has a Target credit card that he opened a few months ago. The other day he tried to use his credit card to buy popcorn at the movies, but it was denied. Explain to your sister why this happened.

## EDPUZZLE: Credit vs. Debit Cards

It is very likely that you will have a credit card and a debit card in your lifetime, so it's important you understand the differences between the two. You'll learn more about credit cards in depth soon!

1. What happens when you use your debit card?
a. You pull money directly from your savings account
b. You pull money directly from your checking account
c. You are borrowing money from your bank to make a purchase
d. You are borrowing an item/service now with the promise to pay later
2. A key difference between a debit and credit card is....(choose two correct answers)
a. You can pay interest when using a credit card, not with a debit card
b. You can pay interest when using a debit card, not a credit card
c. You can build a credit score when using a credit card responsibly, not with a debit card
d. You can build a credit score when using a debit card responsibly, not with a credit card.
3. Debit and credit cards work exactly the same way.
a. True
b. False

## (2) DO IT

## COMPARE: Credit or Debit?

Now that you know how credit cards are different from debit cards, let's practice your knowledge by determining if the following facts apply to credit cards, debit cards, or both! Put a check mark in the appropriate columns.

| Fact | Debit Card | Credit Card | Both |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Money is borrowed and <br> repaid at a later date |  |  |  |
| Money is automatically <br> taken out of a checking <br> account |  |  |  |
| Great for emergency <br> situations |  |  |  |
| You may pay interest |  |  |  |
| You may pay late fees |  |  |  |
| May result in debt |  |  |  |
| Acts as cash |  |  |  |
| Convenient |  |  |  |

1. One of the facts states that money is borrowed and repaid at a later date. Do you think this is an advantage or disadvantage of a credit card?
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2. Explain why you have to pay late fees with a credit card, but not with a debit card?
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3. Your mom gets paid on the 15th of every month, but she's running low on cash. Your
brother's birthday is coming up on the 10th and she needs to buy him a few more gifts. Should your mom use her debit card or credit card in this situation? Explain.
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4. Credit cards are a form of $\qquad$ .
a. Loan
b. Gift
c. Insurance
5. If you do not pay your credit card in full you may be charged $\qquad$ .
a. A one time fee
b. Interest
c. An overdraft fee
6. A lower interest rate means you pay $\qquad$ money. A higher interest rate means you pay $\qquad$ money.
a. less, more
b. more, less
